THEY MUST WATCH AND WAIT MR. GLADSTONE INDISPOSED. POLITICAL ODDS AND ENDS. | January to take possession as the Republican

JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN DISCOURSES ON THE LIBERAL-UNIONISTS' POLICY.

PERSONALLY HE THINKS HOME RULE WILL BE RETAINED IN THE LIBERAL PROGRAMME. AND THAT MEANS CONTINUED WAR-

FARE-JUSTIN M'CARTHY CRITICISED BY SOME OF HIS FOLLOWERS.

London, March 7.-Joseph Chamberlain, leader of the Liberal-Unionists in the House of Commons, addressed a meeting of his constituents in Birmingham this evening. He praised Mr. Glad- reaching his home was at once put to bed. stone for his energy and courtesy in public life, and spoke in the warmest terms of his eloquence and keenness in debate. None of the old Premier's mental powers, he said, had shown signs of decay, and his retirement could only be deapparent than there had been at any time in the | the ex-Premier was in no immediate danger, his

Mr. Chamberlain said he had been asked re- moment peatedly in the last few days whether the Liberal-Unionists were likely to become again a part | much better. The official bulletin said nothing of the great Liberal party. This question he was of his ailment except that he was suffering unable to answer. He had noticed a widespread from hoarseness, impression that Lord Rosebery, the new Premier, was likely to reverse Mr. Gladstone's policy, notably as regarded Home Rule for Ireland. It

parties must wait and watch. The Liberal-Unionists must observe the course of events without disbanding their forces. Personally, Mr. Chamberlain foared that the policy of the Liberal party would remain unchanged; that Home Rule would still be part of the Liberal programme, and ould still be part of and his colleagues must at consequently be and his colleagues must ntinue their strenuous opposition to the Govern-

Some of the most prominent members of the Irish (McCarthyite) party in Parliament are denouncing Justin McCarthy, their leader, for the attitude he has assumed in regard to the succession of Lord Rosebery to the Premiership. The movement has not as yet reached a stace threatening revolt, but Mr. McCarthy's position is characterized as one displaying bad independ and lack of stability.

Late this evening it was denied that Herbert Gladstone had accepted the First Commissionership of Works, now held by George Shaw-Lefevre. The report that he had accepted the office was sent out as official from several sources this afternoon.

Herbert Gardner, President of the Board of griculture, has resigned. The office thus va-ued is said to have been offered to Herbert

cated is said to have been offered to Herbert Gladstone.
London, March 8.—"The Daily News" says that Professor Bryce, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, will be First Commissioner of Works in the room of Shaw-Lefevre.
"The News" says that the object of Justin McCarthy, leader of the anti-Parnellites, in calling on Mr. Gladstone on Monday was to offer him an address or some other compliment as a mark of Irlsh gratifude. Mr. Gladstone deprecated anything that would look like giving him alone the credit for the programme of the Liberal party. He expressed most cordially his appreciation of the loyalty of the Irish members since they became allied to the Liberals, dating the alliance from the day of Charles Stewart Parnell's speech on the first Home Rule bill. Mr. Gladstone referred only indirectly during Mr. McCarthy's call to the present situation. He intimated that he expected his successor would carry out his policy without change. He would not have retained office so long, he said, had he not felt such deep interest in the cause of Ireland.

Mr. McCarthy says that Mr. Gladstone ap-

land.

Mr. McCarthy says that Mr. Gladstone apparently was in high spirits. He was brimful of anecdotes of his long parliamentary life and related many reminiscences of the struggle for

DR. MIQUEL PRAISES GLADSTONE. Berlin, March 7.-Dr. Miquel, Prussian Minister of

was interviewed by a representative of the United Press this morning on the subject of his reported early retirement from office. The state-ment which had been industriously spread last week that he was tired of office and physically unable to meet its exactions he most emphatically denied. On the contrary, he said, he had no intention of re-

with what result the reports do not state.

The latest reports are that Governor-General Lopez de Mendonga has sent from guilimane, the greatest financial genius of modern times. The speeches of Mr. Gladstone in his many discussions of the budget in the House of Commons he regarded as masterpleces. He admired Mr. Gladstone as the most remarkable, the most cultured and the most clastical Englishman of his time.

Mr. Gladstone's foreign policy, Pr. Miquel thought, was his weakest point, but he was a true and representative Englishman, and at all times able to advance Englishman of his last years that was Mr. Gladstone's ideal, and in his last years the had honestly endeavored to reconcile England and he had honestly endeavored to reconcile England and forced upon him by the pressure of the Radicals.

ANOTHER FIGHT WITH THE ST. Lands A. NOTHER FIGHT WITH THE ST. Land

ANOTHER FIGHT WITH THE SLAVE-DEALERS London, March 7 .- The Admiralty Office is in recelpt of dispatches from Bathurst, Gambia, this morning, reporting another engagement between British tracya-a detachment of the British West British treeys—a detachment of the british colored in the Regiourt—and a strong band of followers of Chief Fedisilah. Rear-Admiral Hedford, of the flagship Raleigh, reports that the West Indias were attacked by the natives while advancing upon the village of Bamjur yesterday, a fight ensuing, in which seven of the British solders were wounded. The West Indias opened a deadly fire upon the natives, causing them to retreat. The advantage was followed up until the British took possession of Bamjur, which they burned. The loss to the natives in killed and wounded was very heavy. A dispaten received from Bathurst this evening says that the West Indian troops have captured and burned Brikama, as well as Hamjur, The natives made a determined stand at Brikama, and did not begin their retreat until some ninety had been killed and many others had been wounded. Immediately effer the flight of the natives the West Indians took possession of the town and burned it to the ground. At Bamjur and Brikama together the natives lost about 16s killed and double that number wounded. The British gunboats have hombarded Gonjur for hours and will resume the bombardment to-morrow, when the West Indians will make a general and probably decisive advance. India Regi.arst-and a strong band of followers of

NOTES OF THE VATICAN.

Rome, March 7.-The commission of Cardinals appointed by the Pope to consider the question of graming exequaturs to representatives of foreign Governments to the Vatican has decided that the Vatican cannot accept the formula of exequatur used by the Italian Government.

The Pope has received a large number of requests that the Holy See instruct Papal nuncios to foreign courts to influence as many Catholics as possible to attend the coming International Congress of Worangmen at Zurich.

THE OLYMPIA SUPPOSED TO BE LOST. London, March 7.-The British steamer Olympia, Captain Coleman, which sailed from Matanzas Feb-ruary 1 for Philad-lphia, was to-day officially posted at Lloyd's as missing.

Shoal, Cape Hatterus, on February 4. It was then and is still believed that the lost steamer was the Clympia. She had a cargo of 3,490 tons of sugar and carried a crew of thirty-three men. The Olympia was a barkentine-rigged, iron-serew steamer of 1,630 net tons. and is still be-leved that the lost seeme was an objumple. She had a cargo of 3,400 tons of sugar and carried a crew of thirty-three men. The Olympia was a harkentine-rigged, iron-screw steamer of 1,650 net tons. She was built at Stockton, England, by M. Prarse & Co., in 1882, and was owned by W. Olbson & Co., of West Hartlepool. She was 200 feet long, 40 feet beam and 24 feet deep.

BALMACEDA'S SILVER TO BE SOLD. London, March 8 .- "The Daily News" says: "The tone of sliver late in the day was very unsteady. the advance having been overdone. It became known also that Balmaceda's sliver, amounting to about 100,000, now in the bank, would be sold in a few cays. This prospect had a weakening effect."

LEVI P. MORTON ALL RIGHT AGAIN. Paris, March 7.—Levi P. Morton, ex-Vice-President f the United States, and formerly United States Minister to France, has almost entirely recovered from the effects of the operation which was per-formed on his left foot in December last. His foot is now virtually well, and Mr. Morton expects to be able to walk out of doors in a few days. His gen-eral health is excellent.

THE COSTA RICAN UPRISING QUELLED. Washington, March 7 .- Señor Peralta, the Costa Rican Minister to the United States, to-night received a cable dispatch from Señor Jiminez, Minister of Foreign Relations at San Jose, stating that the revolutionary uprising in Costa Rica had been revolutionary uprising in Costa Rica had been quelled and the country was enjoying complete Peace.

CONFINED TO HIS BED YESTERDAY.

HE HAD A CHILL AFTER WALKING HOME ON TUESDAY NIGHT FROM A DINNER.

London, March 7 .- Mr. Gladstone was confined to his bed to-day. He had a severe chill last night, but had no fever to speak of this morning, and his physicians say they do not regard his condition as dangerous at present. Last night, while walking home from the Brooks Club, where he had dined with his late colleagues in the Ministry, he was seized with a chill, and upon

Mr. Gladstone objected to having a physician, saying that he was only slightly indisposed, and would be as well as ever in a short time, but a doctor was called nevertheless.

Another physician was summoned this morn plored by political friends and foes alike. For ing, and one of the doctors in attendance on this retirement there was no more reason now Mr. Gladstone said this afternoon that, while illness might take a serious turn at any

Late this afternoon he was reported to be very

Premier's house to-day, among them Lord Rosebery and Mr. Asquith, Home Secretary. Mr. notably as regarded Home Rule for Ireland. It certainly was curious that the Liberal party, after their great struggle for Home Rule, should now accept a leader who was known to be lukewarm in the Irish cause and reject one who was recognized as a nealot for separation.

There were many incalculable elements in the present political situation. The uncertainty could not be fathomed for some time, and the liberal situation was to have been present at the dinary for the Puke of York, but Mrs. Gladstone this afternoon sent a letter of regret on behalf of her husband, adding that she would attend the dinner if the improvement in Mr. Gladstone this evening Dr. Bond stated that his patient was suffering from inflammation of the throat and a troublesome cough. He remained cheerful, Dr. Bond said, and had a good apretite.

and had a good appetite.

Mrs. Gladstone attended the dinner given by the Duke of York.

THE DEATH OF MISS VAN ETTEN. DUE TO EXCESSIVE PRIVATION-SHE REFUSED TO APPEAL FOR CHARITY.

Paris, March 7.—The best sources of information agree that the death of Miss Ida Van Etten, the American writer and the first secretary of the Working Women's Society, was due to syncope hastened by excessive privation. Miss Van Etten was indebted to the proprietors of the Hötel Con-tinental, where she died, to the amount of \$120 for permitted to remain, because when the door of her room was locked against her she would wander about the corridor of the hotel informing everybody that she was dally in expectation of a re-

Her sufferings, due to her impoverished condition, seemed at times to unbalance her mind, while at

except in the form of invitations to meals. Which she would occasionally accept, being driven to acceptance by sheer hunger.

Miss Van Etten's room was found to contain nothing of any value. The most of her belongings consisted of papers and a stack of unsent letters appealing for help, some of them of not very recent date. It is a remarkable fact that in the depths of her privation she never made an appeal to the American Charity Fund or to the United States Embassy, from either of which she would unhesitatingly have received aid.

Mr. Eugstis, the American Ambassador, received to-day a cable dispatch from New-York, signed "C. Van Etten Mack," requesting hun to have the body of Miss Van Etten burdet in Paris, adding that the money necessary to defray the burial expenses would be remitted. The body was removed to-day to the receiving vault in the American Church the pastor of which, the Rev. Dr. John H. Morgan, will officiate at the burial services. The date of burial has not yet been fixed.

TROUBLE ON THE ZAMBESL PORTUGUESE TROOPS AND ERITISH SAILORS IN COLLISION.

Port Natal, Africa, March 7 .- A serious encounter ment, have recently been greatly obstructed by Por-tuguese, and finally Commander Carr, of the Brit-ish gunboat Mosquito, was sent up the river to protect the workmen. The Mosquito landed a party of sailors, and they were promptly fired upon by the Portuguese. The sailors returned the fire, but with what result the reports do not state. The latest reports are that Governor-General

ALLEGED BOME IN BOW STREET STATION. London, March 7.-A tin box with a hole in one end, through which a cartridge that had been end, through which a cartridge that had been lighted, and by some means extinguished, was visible, was found in the Bow Street Police Station last evening. The report of the discovery gave rise to a rumor that an attempt had been made to blow up. Bow Street station with dynamite. There is every evidence that an attempt was made to produce an explosion, though whether with the blea of in-flicting damage or merely as a scare, holody can say.

PRAGMENTS OF FOREIGN NEWS.

Berlin, March 7.—In the Reichstag to-day Dr. von Boetlicher, Imperial Minister of the Interior, informed the committee having charge of the German-Russian treaty that Prussia will accede to the demands of Southwestern Germany and repeal the silding scale freight rates. By this action the Government has made friends of several members from Southern Prussia who have hitherto been attanch opponents of the treaty.

Southern Prussia who have attracts been admind opponents of the treaty.

London, March 7.—The most careful finquiry on the part of the United Press falls to reveal nay foundation whatever for the sensational story cabled to America to-day by a certain news agency to the effect that "Jack the Ripper" had been discovered in London.

Paris, March 7.—Seventeen more Anarchists were arrested by the police last evening.

London, March 7.—Wyndham Carter, the crank who was arraigned in the Bow Street Police Court on February 12, on a charge of having menaced the life of the Queen, was to-day adjudged a criminal innatic. Since his arraignment in court on the original charge he has been confined to an asylum, but not as a criminal.

Turin, March 7.—Louis Kossuth's condition is said.

but not as a criminal.

Turin, March 7.—Louis Kossuth's condition is said by his attendants to be somewhat improved. He is said to be gaining strength, though it is admitted that he was able to sleep very little last night.

Buenos Ayres, March 7.—The Cabinet is reported to have agreed to economies in the budget already passed which reduce the expenditures some \$7.00,000 below the estimates. It is also said that plans have been perfected whereby \$16,000,000 may be saved during the year 1894.

Marseilles, March 7.—The Prince of Wales started

to the wisdom of putting out thater sach circumstances.

Melbourne, March 7.—The trial of the officers of the broken Mercantile Bank—Sir Matthew Davies, its late chairman, Mr. Millidge, formerly manager of the institution, and Mr. Muntz, a director of the bank—on a charge of conspiracy in having issued a false balance sheet, terminated to-day in a verdict of acquittal in the case of each defendant. The bank failed in December, 1891, with liabilities of about one million pounds and assets of about six thousand pounds. The receiver of the bank's affairs demanded an investigation, which resulted in the trial just concluded.

London, March 7.—The returns issued by the

the trial just concluded.

London, March 7.—The returns issued by the Board of Trade for February show that during the month the imports increased 44,220,660 and the exports increased 1530,660, as compared with those for the corresponding month last year.

The jury in the sixteenth annual exhibition of

the Society of American Artists met on Tuesday, in the society's rooms, No. 215 West Fifty-seventhst., and awarded the prize of \$300 for the best landscape to Charles A. Platt. Mr. Platt had chosen for his subject an idealization of spring. The scene of his work is said to be laid in Vermont, and repre of his work is said to be laid in Vermont, and represents an open country, without figures. In size it measures about 30 by 35 inches. "The Singers," by Henry Oliver Walker, which has been selected for the Shaw Fund purchase of \$1.500, has two draped figures, a woman and a boy, in the foreground, with a suggestion of foliage at the rear. The figures are half life-size. On Saturday there will be a private view and reception in the rooms of the society.

ALL QUIET AT CONEY ISLAND. MKANEITES, LED BY KENNETH P. SUTHER-LAND, AND THE CITIZENS LEAGUE

HOLD MEETINGS IN PEACE. The Citizens' League of Coney Island, which is a branch of the league of the town of Gravesend, and the members of the regular Democratic organiza-

DISRUPTION IN TAMMANY BANKS.

Wigwam warriors of the 1st District by Richard

Murphy postponed the choice of his condutor as lover as it was possible, for months after every other district has filled the place, and only made his a shortion on Monday might, when he surprised the First Warders, who compose the bulk of the opposition to him, by "springing" his candidate, but the meeting was purely a Michael Kennetly, on the basility called committee. Although entirely unprepared the First Warders made a stiff fight grainst Kennetly, and gave thirty.

Mr. Condert has started for New-York, Richard Croker and his party are still at the ranch of John A. Morris, Mayor Gilroy has not yet arrived. ion on Monday night, when he surprised the the Warders, who compose the bulk of the option to him, by springing his candidate, have Konnesty, on the bastily called committee nough entirely unprepared the First Warders he a stiff fight against Kennedy, and gave thirty-evotes for Charles E. Northing, whom they led as their candidate, to fifty-two votes cast Kennedy. Northing is a restaurant keeper, of its Fulton-st.

Any of the opposition were so embittered by eparty clarification tactics that they threatened.

said yesterday that the Milholland movement of the 1st District would shortly receive large accessions from this source. Murphy's following is aimset wholly confined to the Hickory Club and the Fifth Ward, in which Murphy himself, John Willis, secretary of the originization, and Kennedy, who is the treasurer as well as the conductor levder, all live. The feeding against Kennedy, who runs two or three liquor shops and was until recently superintendent of stables in the Street Cleaning Department is daily krowing more intense. The opposition is preparing to lay its reasons for opposing him before "lices" Croker on his return from Texas.

Whatever the result of efforts to arrange matters, Tammany Hall will sestain a heavy loss in its 1st Justrict vote next fail.

LIKELIHOOD THAT HE WILL BE MADE SUB-

Club for 1891, to be given at the clubhouse on next Monday evening, Mayor Schleren, of Brooklyn, and Benjamin F. Tracy, ex-Secretary of the Navy, will be the guests of honor. The subject for after-dimer discussion will be "Municipal Reform."

_---THE RESULT IN ROCKLAND COUNTY. The positive results of the town elections in Rockland County were not announced until noon yesterday, as heavy scratching in Haverstraw de-

MR. ROELKER RETIRES FROM THE CONTEST. Providence, March 7.—William J. Roeiker yesterday afternoon cleared the way for George Peabody Wetmore, ex-Governor of Rhode Island, by retiring from the Senatorial light in the interest of Repub-

REMOVED BY GOVERNOR LEWELLING. Topeka, Kan., March 7.—Governor Lewelling this afternoon asked for the resignation of John F. Willits, president of the State Board of Pardons. A. C. lits, president of the State Board of Pardons. A. C.
Baker, recently chief cierk of the Labor Bureau,
succeeds him. The office pays \$323 a year. Governor Lewelling refuses to make public his reasons
for removing Willits, but it is generally understood
in the State Bouse that it was because Willits has
been making war upon the State Administration.
Willits was the first Populist candidate for Governor, and was only defeated by a small majority
in 189. He and all Populists claim that he was
actually elected, but that he was counted out.

TO CONTEST A GERRYMANDER. Chicago, March 7.-The Executive Committee of the Republican State Central Committee, at a meetng held here to-day, decided to contest the apportionment of the State made by the last Legislature, which was Democratic. Instructions will be issued to all the district chairmen, notifying to them not to call conventions for the nomination of Congressional candidates until the result of the contest is known.

SENATOR MARTIN'S CONTESTED SEAT. Topeka, Kan., March 7.—The contest to have the eat of United States Senator Martin, from this State, declared vacant is to be pushed by ex-Dis-trict-Attorney J. W. Adv, who will leave here for Washington in a few days for that purpose. Mr.

COCKRAN AND COUDERT IN CONSULTATION. San Antonio, Tex., March 7.-Shortly after his upon F. R. Condert at the home of Lieutenant

WARFARE IN A HOTEL.

A FIGHT BETWEEN TWO SETS OF LES-SEES OF THE EALMORAL

W. E. ROBERTS REFUSES TO GO-THE NEW PRITURES THE BATCLE

Feore struck him as he pushed him from the

ports and other routine business. The Rev. S. L. Beiler, vice-chancellor of the American University, Washington; the Rev. Dr. J. Morrow, general secretary of the Pennsylvania Bible Society, and the Rev. Dr. S. A. Kelm, the evangelist, were intro-

THE INDIAN LAND QUESTION

WORK OF THE COMMISSION TO THE FIVE

TRIBES.

LAND-GRABBERS AMONG THE CHEROKEES AND CREEKS-SHARP PRACTICE OF HALF-BREEDS AND "SQUAW-MEN."

Vinita, I. T., March I (Special).—The United States Commission appointed by the President last November, consisting of ex-Senator Henry L. Dawes, of Massachusetts; Major M. H. Kidd, of Indiana, and Captain A. S. McKennon, of Arkansas, arrived at Muscogee in this Territory on January 9, and set about their work with considerable promptness and energy. This work, as set out in the act of Congress authorizing the appointment of the Comm sists in negotiating with the five civilized tribes the Cherokees, Creeks, Seminoles, Choctaws and Chickasaws-for the purpose of securing their as-sent to the extinguishment of the national or tribal title to their lands, which they now hold in common by allotment of the same in severalty among the members of the tribe, abandonment of their tribal governments and the organization of a territoria or other form of government, looking to ultimate Statehood. The Commission is also empowered to treat with each tribe separately or altogether, and in the event of reaching an agreement with an one or all, to cause the necessary surveys to made for the purpose of allocment, and to negotiate for the purchase of any surplus lands which th

Commission has been appointed in recent years, o one confronted with a work of such magnitude and fraught with so many difficulties as this Dawes mmission, as it is called, among these Indian Should an agreement be reached with all the Fiv-Tribes, then comes the work of surveying 20,000,000 acres of land, and allotting it among 65,000 Indians, so that each shall have, as nearly as possible, an equal share in severalty of the common landed proprry. Not only is this land of varying fertility and value, vast tracts of it, some forty miles in extent being utterly worthless for agricultural purposes, but scattered all over it are hundreds of improved farms in a high state of cultivation, and upon which the present occupants have resided for a score of years or longer. Then there is the additional complication of the coal mines now being operated under leases in the Choctaw Nation, and nearly a hundred towns and villages in the Territory, with populations ranging from 100 to 5,000, where not single house-owner owns the ground on which his building stands, the title of the land being still in the Indian tribe or nation. The improvements, bo In town and country, are nearly all the work an property of white people, who came here with th consent of the Indian himself, who wanted, and still wants them, to work for him, and who now number at least 125,000 souls. In short, there has been much development here, though not so rapid and thorough in the way of town building and the opening up of STILL WAGING. farms and coal mines as would have taken place in the absence of the Indian and under a different As a result of a light-class family hotel at Lenox-letel Raimoral, a high-class family hotel at Lenox-ave, and One-hundred-and-thirteenth and One-hun-dred-and-fourteenth sis, between two sets of les-tribe shall have his equal share in value of it, and so that the enterprising and diligent among them shall not be robbed of his improvements, and at the same time provide just protection for the white man in his store. If the Commissioners shall per-form their work in the manner President Cleveland expressed the hope that they would on their taking no man injustice," they must see as well as others interested in this Indian Territory and in the future welfare of Poor Lo, that the work set before | of this limited collection. them is of prodigious proportions and their responsibility correspondingly great.

fined to allow him inside. Boggs declared that Five Tribes territory, and many of them have manif the which young Mr. Roberts paid, build the cheapest kind of a house upon unoccupied herts told a reporter last evening that land to be at liberty to fence up the land for a

when the control of the product of the control of t St. Paul, Minn, March 7.—The differences between the Great Northera Railway Company and its engineers and firemen were adjusted this afternoon by Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and Grand Masker Sargent, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and Grand Masker Sargent, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and Grand Masker Sargent, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, on one side, and General Manager Case, of the Great Northern, on the other. The labor officers accepted the reduction of 19 per cent, but were granted minor concessions in regard to hours of labor.

SESSION OF PENNSYLVANIA METHODISTS
Easton, Penn., March 7.—The 107th annual session of the Philadeiphia Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church began at Able Hail, this city, this morning. The Rev. Dr. Edward G. Andrews presided. Over 200 clergymen and laymen were in attendance. Organization was effected by the election of J. R. Taylor Gray, secretary, and Thomas Kirkpatrick, treasurer.

The morning session was taken up mainly in announcing the standing committees, receiving reports and other routine business. The Rev. S. L. Beller, vice-chancellor of the American University, Washinston; the Rev. Dr. J. Morrow, general sec-

the increase in the Republicans have tied the town board, which has always been Democratic.

INSPECTOR WILLIAMS GIVES NOTICE,

Police Inspector Alexander S. Williams sent a message to the newly appointed Tammany Sheriff the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the office, who have held the subordinate places therefor many years. The word, as Sheriff Sexton reformany years. The word, as Sheriff Sexton reformany years. The word, as Sheriff Sexton reformany years of the Philadelphia, and the for many years. The word, as Sheriff Sexton reformany years and the Alexander S. Williams sent a message to the newly appointed Tammany Sheriff section the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day which had an unsettling effect upon the other day of the trick of warriors, authorizing the leasing of the unoccupied had and Southern Education Society of the society. This eve

877, 879 BROADWAY. PREVIOUS TO OCCUPYING

OUR NEW BUILDING.

18, 20, 22 East 18th Street, we will

dispose of the entire stock in the old store at a Reduction of 25 %

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THE ORIGIN OF THIS WARE DATES BACK FOUR CENTURIES PEPORE THE CHRISTIAN FRA. IN SMOKING BOWLS, CARD TRAYS, PUNCH BOWLS AND PLATES, BEAUTIFULLY DESIGNED TO RAISED PIGURES OF SILVER, ON COPPER FROM TANJORE IN SOUTH INDIA.

IN VASES, PITCHERS, JARDINIERES, GOBLETS,
THA TRAYS AND ASH RECEIVERS,
WADE ON SHAMBERING BRIASS,
WITH FIGURES OF DEITIES,
FLOWERS AND VINES, EXQUISITELY HAMMERED
AND ENGRAVED. Benares Brassware,

India Pottery,

IN WHITE CLAY OBTAINED FROM THE BOCHARA HILLS NEAR JAIPUR, MADE AT THE MADRAS AND BOMBAY SCHOOL OF ARTS, BEAUTIPUL SPECIMENS OF BRIC-A-BRAG Miscellaneous Curios,

COMPRISING
LARGE EARTHEN POTS, USED ONLY BY THE
ROYALTY TO BATTIE THEIR INFANTS IN THERE
EXTRAORDINARY SPECIMENS OF ANCIENT
POTTERY WERE OBTAINED WITH DIFFICULTY
FROM A CERTAIN HIGH OFFICIAL IN THE CITY OF
SINGAPORE. Musical Instruments from Decca

and Tanjore, INLAID WITH IVORY, USED AS EARLY AS 1255, COMPRISING HINDU DRUMS, SITARS, GOURDS AND HARPS.

Antique Arms and Armor, SWORDS AND DAGGERS WITH CARVED HANDLES OF GREEN JADE, AND BLADES OF DAMASCUS STEEL, BATTLE CLUBS, AXES AND SPEARS OF BARBARIC SHAPES, IN USE BY SAVAGE TRIBES OF CENTRAL AND SOUTHERN INDIA THOUSANDS OF YEARS AGO.

Connoisseurs should secure one or more pieces

Roberts's father, and Mr. Borgs and Maurice Feare, who is guarding the Roberts apartments. The first took place on Monday, when Assistant to put sheep of the Roberts apartments of a replayin which Mr. Roberts declares was never the following apartments on the strength of a replayin which Mr. Roberts declares was never the following the door. The men tore up the carpet and carried off some furniture. In one of the chiffeners was my son's wearing apparel, and also a diamond worth the carpet, and when I remonstrated he struck me is the carpet, and when I remonstrated he struck me is the face. The replayin, presumably, was worn out by W. A. J. sloame."

Feare's quarrel with Mr. Borgs said he wished to measure samething in the Roberts to allow no one in his apartments. Mr. Borgs said he wished to measure samething in the rooms, but Peore definings. People occupy instead of own land in this tiest of those interaction. Since the land grashing that has been going on the range. This possibility correspondingly great.

IMPERATICE NEED OF A CHANGE.

I all cattle found grazing at large on the range. This treaties and the establishment of a new order of things. People occupy instead of own land in this Five Tribes territory, and many of them have managed to get immense tracts of it under their exclusive control. A member of a tribe has only to build the cheapest kind of a house upon unoccupied land to be at liberty to fence up the land for a "runnent 5 cents an acre per annum, and sub-let it."

flowers caught three runaway boys this morning They were from Greenpoint, L. I., and gave their names as Howard Robinson, William Reynolds and John Munhall. Their ages range from eleven to thirteen years. They left home yesterday and and to the Cherokee Nation, and for the common use and benefit of the Cherokee people.

LAND-GRABBING ON A LARGE SCALE.

For land-grabbing on a still larger scale one has only to look in the Creek country, which lies immediately south and west of the Cherokees, and has an area of 4.750 square miles. Land-grabbing has an area of 4.750 square miles. Land-grabbing significantly and the square miles. Land-grabbing significantly and the square miles and grabbing significantly and the square miles are common to their parents. This afternoon Reynoids's grabbing significantly and the square miles are common to the common to the square of a Mr. Matthews, in West Grove. Mr. Matthews, suspecting that the loos were manyles, informed the police, and the boys were handed out of bed early this morning. Word was sent to their parents. This afternoon Reynoids's graph of the common to the common to the state of the common to the c

again. SOUTHERN METHODISTS IN SESSION. Frederick, Md., March 7.—The one hundred and tenth annual session of the Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church was opened here this morning, Bishop Charles H. Fowler presiding, Two hundred and fifty ministers of Maryland, Vir-ginia and the District of Columbia are members of the Conference. The sessions will continue for a week.